

The Columbian Mirror and Alexandria Gazette.

ALEXANDRIA—PRINTED, EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY, BY ELLIS PRICE, AT THE EAST END OF THE MARKET-HOUSE.

No. 428.]

SATURDAY, JANUARY 2, 1796.

[Vol. IV.

To be sold, at Public Vendue.

On January the 5th,
THE Estate of SAMUEL MOODY, deceased,
consisting of wearing apparel, an excellent Silver
Watch, &c.

N. B. All persons in the state of Virginia, having demands against the said estate, are desired to bring them in, and all those indebted are requested to make payment on or before the 12th instant, that the administrator may be enabled to discharge those debts brought against the estate.

JOHN BOGUE, Administrator.

Alexandria, Dec. 31, '95.

Dr. SKINNER,

Surgeon Dentist to the Dispensary of New-York, and
Oculist, &c.

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Alexandria and its vicinity, that having concerns at Washington, which will detain him eight or ten days in this neighbourhood, proposes to attend to such applications as may be made for relief in his professional capacity during that time. He transplants, grafts, fixes and sets teeth various ways, in any, and every case where they are unfortunately lost, and in such a manner as are warranted to retain the beauty and natural colour of the original teeth, shall be serviceable in mastication, ornamental to the person, and cannot by the strictest inspection be distinguished from those of the natural growth.

Dr. SKINNER, is the only operator in America that has any pretension to the art of substituting or setting artificial eyes, and as the deformity occasioned by the loss of an eye is very great, those persons who have been so unfortunate, have now a favourable opportunity of having them replaced in so curious a manner as renders it impossible to distinguish them from the original Eye. To demonstrate to the doubtful, the practicability of this operation, he has prepared or fitted one for the orbits of his own Cranium, which he will cheerfully show, (by placing it in his own head) to any person who will do him the honor to call and view it.

SKINNER'S Dentifrice and Antiscorbutic Tincture, universally allowed (by those who have experienced their astonishing efficacy) to be superior in preserving, cleansing, and giving the teeth a beautiful whiteness, and eradicating the scurfy in the gums; to any medicine hitherto discovered—for sale at his apartment at the house of Mr. ABERT, near the Market House.

Alex. Dec. 31, '95.

LUNDIN M'KECHNIE,

STAY, CORSET and HABIT-MAKER,
PHILADELPHIA.

Most respectfully informs the Ladies that he is just arrived here with an elegant assortment of the most fashionable Stays and Corsets, which he will sell on reasonable terms.

Ladies, by directing their orders to him, at Mr. Gadsby's Tavern, will be waited upon at their own houses.

N. B. He cures Crookedness or Distortion of the Spine in young people.

Alexandria, December 31, 1795.

For Sale,

The Brig Cicero;

Burthen 139 tons, lying at Harper's Wharf. Apply to the master on board, who has 15 M. feet of Pine Lumber for sale.



Alexandria, December 28, 1795.

COAL.

3,000 bushels on hand and for sale
By R. HAMILTON.

December 28.

New Pork in barrels;

Tar in barrels;
Jamaica Rum in puncheons;
Cogniac Brandy in pipes,
For Sale by

Fletcher and Otway.

Dec. 28.

Notice!

ALL Persons indebted to the subscriber are requested to make immediate payment, as he expects to leave this place in a short time; and those having claims against him are requested to bring them forward for settlement.

BARTIMEUS WHITE,

has on hand a general assortment of

Ladies' & Gentlemen's Shoes,

which will be disposed of cheap for Cash.

Alexandria, December 24, 1795.

Lime-stone and Lime wanted.

THE Directors of the Potomack Company wish to purchase Three Thousand Cubic Feet of Lime-stone, each piece to be not less than two feet by four, nor less than four inches thick—also a quantity not less than Six Thousand Bushels of good unslacked Lime; to be delivered at the lower end of the Canal, at the Great Falls, one sixth part of each article before the 15th of March next; one sixth by the first of April following, and the remainder before the 15th of May next. Those who wish to contract for either or both these articles, will please to send their proposals in writing to either of the Directors, at George-Town or Alexandria, before the first Monday in February next. The payments will be made agreeable to the sellers.

JOHN FITZGERALD, President.

G. GILPIN, } Directors at Alexandria.

J. KEITH, } Directors at George

J. TEMPLEMAN, } Town.

T. LEAR, }

Potomack Company.

THE Stockholders on the new subscription to the Potomack Company, are required to pay to William Hart, Treasurer, on or before the first day of March next, ten pouns per cent. on the amount of each share by them held.

JOHN FITZGERALD, President.

GEORGE GILPIN, } Directors.

JAMES KEITH, }

JOHN TEMPLEMAN, }

TOBIAS LEAR, }

Alex. Dec. 22, 1795.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for Sale by

JOHN V. THOMAS,

—Price 3/6—

[Ornamented with a head of General WASHINGTON,]

THE

GENTLEMAN'S POLITICAL ALMANACK,

For the Year

1796.

Containing, besides what is usually found in an almanack—The constitution of the United States and the amendments—The treaty of amity and commerce between the United States and Great-Britain—A list of the Duties payable on Goods, Wares, & Merchandise imported into the United States—List of the officers of the general government and both houses of Congress—Ministerial and consular appointments—Courts of the United States—Remarkable events, &c. &c.

Peter Pindar, on the Hair Powder Tax.

General Washington's Official Letters.

Features of Mr. Jay's Treaty.

American Remembrancer, or an impartial collection of Essays, Resolves, &c. relative to the treaty with G. Britain.

Narrative of the British Embassy to China, in the years 1792, 3, 4—containing the various circumstances of the Embassy, with accounts of the customs and manners of the Chinese, and a description of the country, cities, towns, &c.

The works of Edmund Burke, 3 vols.

Guthrie's Geography improved, 2 vols. quarto.

Robertson's History of America, 2 vols.

Gordon's History of the American Revolution.

Evan's Millwright and Miller's Guide, with a variety of other Books and

Stationary.

Merchant's account books (to any pattern) continued to be made in the best manner and cheaper than imported ones.

Winterbotham's America, to No. 14, is come to hand—subscribers will please to send for their numbers.
Dec. 15. tf 22.

FOR SALE,

By the subscriber, at his Store in Union street,

Old mellow Spirits by the hhd.

barrel, or smaller quantity;

London particular Madeira Wine on draft & in bottles;

Port do. do.

London Porter in bottles;

Loaf Sugar,

White Wine Vinegar in kegs of 18 gallons each, which articles he will dispose of on moderate terms for cash, or on a short credit.

JOHN M'IVER.

Alexandria, Dec. 8.

Alexandria, Dec. 15th, '95.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria, that an election will be held at the Court House in this town on the third Monday in January next, for the purpose of choosing nine directors of said Bank for the ensuing year agreeably to charter.

By Order of the President and Directors,

GURDEN CHAPIN, Cashier.

TO BE RENTED,

And immediate possession given,

A Store, Counting-Room and Cellar, in complete order for the reception of goods. For business the stand is equal perhaps to any in Town. For terms apply to the subscriber, three doors above Capt. Jesse Taylor's, on King-Street.

EDMUND EDMONDS.

Alexandria, December 29, 1795.

To be Rented,

And possession may be had the 1st of January, 1796.

The House and Lot I now live

on; also the Lot called CAMERON of ten acres of land, Dwelling house, Stable &c. now in the possession of Mr. Benner Freeman. They will be rented for one or more years; for terms apply to the subscriber, who has a Mahogany Billiard table with all its necessary utensils for sale.

JOHN STEWART.

Dec. 28, 1795.

A Person, who has good recommendations, wants employment in a Counting-House.—Enquire of the Printer.

December 29, 1795.

STRAYED from a pasture near Capt. Wiley's Tavern, on Difficult Run, a stout, strong HORSE, fit for the saddle or waggon. In Summer he is a bay, but at present a light sorrel. He has a large blaze in the face, glass-eyes, white hind feet, cut tail, and is about 15 hands high. Any person who will bring him to Captain Wiley, or to me in Alexandria, shall be handsomely rewarded for their trouble.

JOHN GILL.

Alexandria, December 29, 1795.

FOR SALE.

A Valuable HOUSE & LOT, in the Town of Alexandria, on the upper corner of Fairfax and Princess Streets. I deem it unnecessary to mention the particulars as those who wish to purchase may know them and be shown the premises, by applying to Mr. Edward Ramsay, in said Town, or to the Subscriber, living in Frederick County, Virginia.

REZIN DUVAL.

December 19, 1795.

Thompson and Veitch

OLD Port and Lisbon WINES of a superior quality, in pipes hhd. and quartercasks.

Also, an assortment of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c. at their wholesale warehouse, on Fairfax Street.

Alexandria, August 10, 1795.

N. B. They have yet on hand Hair Matresses and a few bales of Sail Cloth.

NOTICE is hereby given, That on Thursday the 21st January next, a subscription will be opened at the Court house in this town, under the direction of the President and Directors of the Bank, for an augmentation of Seventeen Hundred and Fifty shares to the capital of the Bank of Alexandria, agreeably to an act of assembly, and continue open for 30 days, or until the whole are subscribed—each share is two hundred dollars and payable in the following manner, viz.

Ten dollars for each share at the time of subscribing—Forty dollars more in sixty days—Twenty-five dollars more in 90 days—Fifty dollars more in 105 days—and Seventy-five dollars more in 165 days from the time of opening the subscription.

By order of the President and Directors,

GURDEN CHAPIN, Cashier.

Alex. Dec. 11, '95.

ANDREW WALES

Takes this method of acquainting his friends and the public in general,

THAT HE HAS FOR SALE,

At his BREWERY,

STRONG & SMALL

B E E R.

He has also

GRAINS & YEAST

For Sale,

And continues to purchase Barley as usual.

N. B. Hops for sale by the bag or smaller quantity.
Alexandria, Dec. 6, '95.

Pursuant to a decree of the County Court of Loudoun, WILL BE SOLD, on the premises, to the highest bidder, for ready money, on the 12th day of January next, being the second day of Loudoun Court,

Three Houses and Lots, in the Town of Leesburg, lying on King and Royal Streets, for the purpose of satisfying a mortgage given by James Byrne to William Wilson & Co.

SAMUEL MURRAY,

T. MATTHEWS,

J. FOTTS.

MR. FAUCHET'S LETTER.

Legation of Philadelphia.

Foreign Relations.
Private correspondence of the minister on politics.
No. 10.

Philadelphia, the 10th Brumaire, 3d year of the French Republic, one and indivisible.
(October 31st, 1794.)

Joseph Fauchet, Minister Plenipotentiary of the French Republic, near the United States, to the commissioner of Foreign Relations.

CITIZEN,

1. The measures which prudence prescribes to me to take, with respect to my colleagues, have still presided in the digesting of the dispatches signed by them, which treat of the insurrection of the western country, and of the repressive means adopted by the government. I have allowed them to be confined to the giving of a faithful but naked recital of events; the reflections therein contained scarcely exceed the conclusions easily deducible from the character assumed by the public prints. I have reserved myself to give you as far as I am able a key to the facts detailed in our reports. When it comes in question to explain, either by conjectures or by certain data, the secret views of a foreign government, it would be imprudent to run the risk of indiscretions, and to give oneself up to men, whose known partiality for that government and similitude of passions and interests with its chiefs, might lead to confidences, the issue of which are incalculable. Besides the precious confessions of Mr. Randolph alone throw a satisfactory light upon every thing that comes to pass. These I have not yet communicated to my colleagues. The motives already mentioned lead to this reserve, and still less permit me to open myself to them at the present moment. I shall then endeavor, Citizen, to give you a clue to all the measures, of which the common dispatches give you an account, and to discover the true causes of the explosion, which it is ultimately resolved to repress with great means, although the state of things has no longer any thing alarming.

2. To confine the present crisis to the simple question of the excise is to reduce it far below its true scale; it is indubitably connected with a general explosion for some time prepared in the public mind, but which this local and precipitate eruption will cause to miscarry, or at least check for a long time;—in order to see the real cause, in order to calculate the effect, and the consequences, we must ascend to the origin of the parties existing in the state, and retrace their progress.

3. The present system of government has created malcontents. This is the lot of all new things. My predecessors have given information in detail upon the parts of the system which have particularly awakened clamours and produced enemies to the whole of it. The primitive divisions of opinion as to the political form of the state, and the limits of the sovereignty of the whole over each state individually sovereign, had created the federalists and antifederalists. From a whimsical contrast between the name and the real opinion of the parties, a contrast hitherto little understood in Europe, the former aimed, and still aim, with all their power to annihilate federalism, whilst the latter have always wished to preserve it. This contrast was created by the Consolidators or the Constitutionalists,* who, being the first in giving the denomination (a matter so important in a revolution) took for themselves that which was the most popular, although in reality it contradicted their ideas, and gave to their rivals one which would draw on them the attention of the people, notwithstanding they really wished to preserve a system whose prejudices should cherish at least the memory and the name.

Moreover these first divisions, of the nature of those to be destroyed by time, in proportion as the nation should have advanced in the experiment of a form of government which rendered it flourishing, might now have completely disappeared, if the system of finances which had its birth in the cradle of the constitution, had not renewed their vigour under various forms. The mode of organizing the national credit, the consolidating and funding of the public debt, the introduction in the political economy of the usage of states, which prolong their existence or ward off their fall only by expedients, imperceptibly created a financial class who threaten to become the aristocratical order of the state. Several citizens, and among other those who had aided in establishing independence with their purses or their arms, conceived themselves aggrieved by those fiscal engagements. Hence an opposition which declares itself between the farming or agricultural interests, and that of the fiscal; federalism and antifederalism, which are founded on those new denominations, in proportion as the treasury usurps a preponderance in the government and legislation: Hence in fine, the state, divided into partisans and enemies of the treasurer and of his theories. In this new classification of parties, the nature of things gave popularity to the latter, an innate instinct, if I may use the expression, caused the ears of the people to revolt at the names alone of treasurer and stockjobber: But the opposite party, in consequence of its ability, obstinately persisted in leaving to its adversaries the suspicious name of anti-federalist, whilst in reality they were friends of the

* Constituents.

constitution, and enemies only of the excrecences which financiering theories threatened to attach to it.

5. It is useless to stop longer to prove that the monetary system was interwoven with those novelties of theories, and that the friends of the latter favoured the attempts which were made in order to bring the constitution to the former by insensible gradations. The writings of influential men of this party prove it; their real opinions too avow it, and the journals of the senate are the depository of the first attempts.

6. Let us, therefore, free ourselves from the intermediate spaces in which the progress of the system is marked, since they can add nothing to the proof of its existence.—Let us pass by its sympathy with our regenerating movements, while running in monarchical paths.—Let us arrive at the situation in which our republican revolution has placed things and parties.

7. The antifederalists disembarass themselves of an insignificant denomination, and take that of patriots and republicans. Their adversaries become aristocrats, notwithstanding their efforts to preserve the advantageous illusion of ancient names; opinions clash, and press each other; the aristocratic attempts which formerly had appeared so insignificant, are recollected: The treasurer, who is looked upon as their first source, is attacked: his operations and plans are denounced to the public opinion; nay, in the sessions of 1792 and 1793, a solemn inquiry into his administration was obtained. This first victory was to produce another, and it was hoped that, faulty or innocent, the treasurer would retire, no less by necessity in the one case, than from self love in the other. He, emboldened by the triumph which he obtained in the useless inquiry of his enemies, of which both objects proved equally abortive, seduced besides by the momentary reverse of republicanism in Europe, removes the mask and announces the approaching triumph of his principles.

8. In the mean time, the popular societies are formed; political ideas concentrate themselves, the patriotic party unite and more closely connect themselves; they gain a formidable majority in the legislature; the abatement of commerce, the slavery of navigation, and the audacity of England strengthen it. A concert of declarations and censures against the government arises; at which the latter is even itself astonished.

9. Such was the situation of things towards the close of the last and at the beginning of the present year. They have been sent to you at different periods, and in detail. In every quarter are arranged the imbecility of the government towards Great Britain, the defenceless state of the country against possible invasions, the coldness towards the French republic: the system of finance is attacked, which threatens eternizing the debt under pretext of making it the guaranty of public happiness; the complication of that system which withholds from general inspection all its operations—the alarming power of the influence it procures to a man whose principles are regarded as dangerous, the preponderance which that man acquires from day to day in public measures, and in a word, the immoral and impolitic modes of taxation, which he at first presents as expedients, and afterwards raises to permanency.

10. In touching this last point we attain the principle complaint of the western people, and the ostensible motive of their movements. Republicans by principle, independent by character and situation, they could not but accede with enthusiasm to the crinations which we have sketched. But the excise above all effects them. Their lands are fertile, watered with the finest rivers in the world: but the abundant fruits of their labour run the risk of perishing for the want of means of exchanging them, as those more happy cultivators do for objects which desire indicates to all men who have known only the enjoyments which Europe procures them. They therefore convert the excess of their produce into liquors imperfectly fabricated, which badly supply the place of those they might procure by exchange. The excise is created and strikes at this consoling transformation; their complaints are answered by the only pretext that they are otherwise inaccessible to every species of impost. But why, in contempt of treaties, are they left to bear the yoke of the feeble Spaniard, as to the Mississippi, for upwards of twelve years? Since when has an agricultural people submitted to the unjust capricious law of a people explorers of the precious metals? Might we not suppose that Madrid and Philadelphia mutually assisted in prolonging the slavery of the river; that the proprietors of a barren coast are afraid lest the Mississippi, once opened, and its numerous branches brought into activity, their fields might become deserts, and in a word that commerce dreads having rivals in those interior parts as soon as their inhabitants shall cease to be subjects? This last supposition is but too well founded; an influential member of the Senate, Mr. Izard, one day in conversation undisguisedly announced it to me.

[To be continued.]

VIRGINIA.

The following concludes the Report [began in our last] of the committee appointed to examine the Treasurer's accounts.

ACCOUNT OF SUNDRIES distinguished thus: Dollars. Cts.

Samuel Griffin, the executors of the late Theodrick Bland and John Page, Esqrs. on account of the advance to them by the state, at the first Congress, 984 61
Thomas Lee, Esq. for rents collected for the state in the county of Prince William, 668 80
Henry Buford and others, for fines, 124 59
Littleton Upshaw and Charles Housh, commissioners, for money erroneously paid to them, 166 66
Alexander Smith, for fines on flour collected by him in Alexandria, 875 62

The Honourable Mr. Dawson, the proceeds of the sale of the mace, per resolution of Assembly, 101

John Hopkins, Esq. commissioner of loans, for the interest on the commonwealth stock, 1,255 12

Edward Carrington, Esq. agent for the United States, for the purpose of taking up the warrants from the Auditor's office, in favour of the brigadeers of the militia, to defray the expence in marching their quotas to the place of rendezvous in the late expedition against the insurgents, 2,400

Ditto, on account of his bond given for a debt due by General Charles Scott, to the commonwealth, 457 73

Samuel Griffin, Esq. for the purchase of the ship-yard tract of land, 231 12

Andrew Duncomb, Esq. escheater, for escheated property sold Mr. Charles Copeland, 253 32

Colonel John Steele, on account of the general government, in part of the money advanced by the state of Virginia, for the defence of the frontiers, 48,091 96

55,610 54

Tobacco received at the Treasury in discharge of certain Taxes, &c. from the 21th of October, 1793, to the 11th of July, 1794.

Rates at which rec'd into the Treasury.	Hhds.	lbs.	Dols.	Ct.
at 20f. per cwt.	1	954	31	79
24f. per cwt.	183	198,176	7,927	4
25f. per cwt. & 12/6 each cask.	7	7,433	324	28
26f. per cwt.	85	82,587	3,838	77
28f. per cwt.	25	25,701	1,199	38
29f. per cwt.	16	17,792	859	94
30f. per cwt.	64	63,724	3,286	20
24f. per cwt.		2,895	95	80
26f. per cwt.		2,904	128	44
29f. per cwt.		996	48	14
30f. per cwt.		756	37	80

Received also from Thomas Lee, Esq. on acct of rents, payable specifically in tobacco.

Note—this tobacco extended at the precise sum which it sold, viz. 17 17,170 439 52
428,648 18,217 10

Sales of the Tobacco, per Contra, made the 11th July, 1794, under the direction of the Executive, payable the 11th October, 1794.

To whom sold.	Hhds.	lbs.	Dols.	Ct.
Julius B. Dandridge,	29	29,759	915	92
Couart,	9	8,946	262	28
John Carter,	56	60,489	1,680	45
William Nimmo,	39	41,688	1,140	26
Thomas Mason,	26	27,086	777	13
J. Temple,	14	14,757	468	12
Henry Banks,	47	49,522	1,434	61
Ditto Transfer,		3,588	66	87
George Nicholson,	20	21,962	503	30
John Hicks,	18	19,223	512	62
Robert Pollard,	61	64,882	1,682	22
Ditto Transfer,		304	4	69
Charles Copeland,	47	50,823	1,293	67
W. Ramsay,	35	35,954	897	12

Loss sustained on this sale, 429,032 11,636 37
6,380 73

Errors excepted, 18,217 10

J. AMBLER, Treasurer.

The subscriber's property, fronting on Union and extending from Wolfe to Duke Streets, having suffered material injury by persons digging and carrying sand and dirt therefrom, she hereby gives notice that a trespasser hereafter will be prosecuted.

B. KIRK.

January 1, 1796.

THE Partnership of Thomas Williams & Joseph Cary, under the firm of Williams & Cary, being this day dissolved, by mutual consent, they earnestly request all those indebted to them will immediately pay their respective balances; and all those who have any demands against them are requested to bring them in for liquidation.

THOMAS WILLIAMS,
JOSEPH CARY.

Alexandria, December 31, 1795.

The subscriber intends to confine himself to the Commission Business, and will be happy in receiving the Orders of his Friends, assuring them the utmost attention to their interest will be constantly exerted.

T. WILLIAMS.

TO BE LET

The House and Stores lately occupied by the subscribers. Possession will be given immediately. MANDEVILLE & JAMESON.
Alexandria January 1, 1796.

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Alexandria, January 2.

FROM THE WEST-INDIES.

The schooner Paragon, Capt. Wauless, arrived here from Jamaica, brings Kingston papers to the 5th of December—the following articles are copied from them:—

MONTEGO-BAY, November 21.

Tacky's Bomb Post, October 27, 95.

Extract from the examination of a Negro (Eboe) man slave, named Zell, the property of Isaac Lascelles Winn, marked W. on the right shoulder.

That the Maroons are very short of provisions, but are well off for houses, in the Cock Pitts, and for water; that the Run-away negroes are not allowed to go into them, or walk about there; that the path to it is well watched, but so narrow as not to admit two persons abreast; that he was there five days; that the Maroons promised freedom to all the estate's slaves, who remained with them, but were afraid of any of them escaping, lest they should discover their retreat. That the Maroons say, that rather than submit to the whites, they will suffer their heads to be taken off, and their bodies to rot on the ground; that several of the runaway slaves are desirous to return to their owners. That the Maroons never go out in a body, but always in parties, for fear of making too much noise, (so as to disturb the whites; that many of the Maroons live in caves, and hide so that the whites may pass them and not see them. That the runaway negroes are afraid to venture home, because they have heard that a negro slave has been shot in Shaw's provision ground; that the Maroons supply the runaways with guns and cutlasses, but none of them force away with them; that they are short of gun-powder, and that some of them have none. That two negroes who joined them two nights ago, with a Mulatto man, were let out of the flocks at Spring-Vale Penn by the mulatto who belonged to York estate, and called himself Robert; that they had a little salted provisions with them, and a bottle of rum.

N. B. At the time Zell was brought he had no arms of any kind.

Taken as dated in the Officers quarters.

(Signed) THOMAS HARDING.

A Mulatto (Robert) belonging to York, has been with the Maroons, and made off from a foraging party of them, and joined Captain Allan's party; he went with a strong party of the 83d, a few days ago, as a guide to said party, and brought them to where the Maroons were camped by Parkinson near Moco, who fired a few shot and ran away to the mountains; he says that he was with the youths, women, and children, under the command of old Montague James, near Ginger town, and provisions were so very scarce, that the Maroons cut the throats of all the young females under ten years of age, and the young infants, so soon as they were nine days old, were thrown into a cave. Powder is so scarce that the youths guarding the females are only allowed half of their usual charges, and those sent out on the forage or fighting parties, are only allowed a round and a half or two rounds each. Robert says that the women often quarrel and sometimes get a fighting about who was the cause of their present situation; that he believes, if it was not for the advice of Montague James, and the women, the greatest part of the Maroons would have thrown themselves on the mercy of the whites. Robert says that one of Harding's sons and a Maroon of the name of Johnston have died of wounds they received; he says, he made his escape by delaying when the Maroons carried him out on a foraging party, under the idea that the provisions he had met with were not good, and that he persuaded a negro named Cudjoe belonging to Mr. Winn, which came along with him, to return to the white people, but it is suspected he was coming in the capacity of a spy.

On Monday last General Walpole, with a party of the 13th dragoons, took possession of a cockpit, and found in it from 2 to 300 huts, capable of containing 800 men, which appeared to have been recently inhabited; one of the dragoons was fired at, and the flugs went through his hat.

A letter from the Old Maroon Town, mentions, "It is evident the Maroons were dislodged by the shells, both from the distance, and the testimony of a man of color, belonging to York estate. Where these wretches are, is not exactly known; most probably in parties over the country. There yet remain some miserable instances of the maduets of the ringleaders:—old people and women hid in caverns and bushes; afraid to surrender themselves, and living upon the precarious supply of a few wild yams—visible marks of this appear every where."

On the 15th instant was interred, at the Old Maroon Town, the remains of the late gallant Colonel Fitch:—His funeral was attended by the whole of his regiment, and the officers quartered there. Although a period of two months has elapsed since his fall, yet his former goodness and peculiar mildness of disposition, were fresh in the memories of all present. The feelings of his friends and fellow soldiers, on this melancholy occasion, were sincere proofs of the affection they bore his memory; and even this last sad ceremony infused into their minds, a pleasing consolation, that they had saved his relics, and laid them near to those who had shared both his friendship and his fate; he was buried next to Captain Leigh, who died of his wounds.

Much has been deservedly said of the character of Col. Fitch, in the public papers; yet as the circumstances attending the recovery of his body are but known to few, we hope the following account may not be deemed altogether

uninteresting, particularly as it shews in a truly noble point of view, the sincere friendship manifested by a Gentleman at his death, and which ended not there;—but unceasingly fought to pay to his memory, the rites, and ceremonies he was so honourably entitled to.

The first shot that Col. Fitch received in the ambush, passed through his body: Col. Jackson who witnessed his situation, went to him, set down by him, and in the very heat of the fire, asked if he could assist him:—he was unable to reply:—Col. Jackson then assured him, he would not depart from him whilst he saw life remained—He had scarcely uttered the words, when another shot struck him on the forehead, and stretched him breathless on the rock. Colonel Jackson then, and not till then, retired.

Almost every one knows, that upon gaining the ground, the body could not be discovered. The unceasing researches of Col. Jackson found it in a cockpit, hidden by rocks;—and thus brought the remains of his friend to the interment due to his rank.—For an interval of two months it had lain exposed to the weather, but, "The sweetest tears shed on mortals are those with which heaven bedews the unburied head of a soldier."

KINGSTON, DEC. 2, 1795.

The Captain of an American vessel that arrived here some days since, and who was carried into Cape Francois by a privateer, and detained there some days, reports that while he was there, a frigate arrived from France, with information that a considerable number of troops might be shortly expected there.

December 4.

The following is the substance of a proclamation issued by Sir Adam Williamson.

"His Excellency having been informed that from the present high price of Flour, a great scarcity of that article is apprehended in this city, declares, that every baker in the said city may come to the King's stores, and there supply themselves with the quantity sufficient for their daily consumption at 18 dollars per barrel.

Done at Port-au-Prince, Nov. 7, 1795.

(Signed)

A. WILLIAMSON.

And below,

W. SHAW, Sec.

December 5.

By letters from a Gentleman escaped from Guadaloupe, we learn, that the peace between France and Spain, was proclaimed there on the 14th of October, on which day the Spanish Prisoners were all liberated; the above Gentleman being a proficient in the Spanish language, deceived the French so far as to allow him to go to Trinidad with the Spaniards.

This Morning's Mail.

NEW-YORK, DEC. 26.

Latest from FRANCE.

Yesterday the schooner Ariel, Capt. Fields, arrived at this port, in 45 days from Havre de Grace and ship Jefferson, Captain Bennis, 50 days from Portsmouth in England. By which Parisian accounts are received to Nov. 6, and London accounts to Nov. 4. The avocations of yesterday did not permit us to ascertain copious particulars, which we hope to do for Monday—but the IMPORTANT outlines are.

That the FRENCH CONSTITUTIONS is gloriously established, and went into effect on the 27th Oct. agreeably to the decree before received, on which day the delegate of France, in Assembly met in harmony, and all was peace and joy at Paris.

The Commission of 5 directories of the Executive is as follows:

REWBELL.

LA REVILLIER LAPEUX.

SIEYES declined—Replaced by CARNOT.

LETOURNEUR (de la Manche.)

BARRAS.

We have not time to make further extracts from Paris papers this day—We can only say, the French army has left Germany in great precipitation, and at the date of the last accounts one part was recrossing the Rhine.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of official character in the legislature of North-Carolina, dated Raleigh Dec. 10th, 1795.

Our assembly adjourned yesterday without doing much business of a public nature, as you may perceive by the enclosed list of the captions of this session.

The public mind here, I am induced to believe from your letter, and some Virginia publications which have reached us, hath not sustained such violent shocks as in the latter place, and Philadelphia.

General P. made an effort in the house of Commons, to pass some resolution declarative of our disapprobation of the late Treaty made with Great Britain; and to thank our Senators of Congress for their opposition to the same; but they passed negatively 85 votes to 21—They were opposed on this ground, "that the Treaty was an act of the general government, over which the state of North-Carolina had no controul; and any interference on their part might lessen the good sense and dignity of the state in the eyes of the world, in usurping power i. e. the treaty making power already delegated constitutionally to the general government.—That thanking the Senators for their conduct in this business, could not more attach them to the business of the state than if the same were omitted at this time. They have given proofs of their attachment, and they well enough know their conduct in that instance was generally approbated—and on the whole it was the best policy to throw a veil on the whole matter, and wait for future favourable contingencies."

Authentic accounts from Charleston, South Carolina, inform us that John Rutledge, late chief justice, is so much deranged in his mind, as to require constant watching to prevent his committing violence on himself. [Minerva.]

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA.

ARRIVED,

Schooner Industry,	Earl,	St. Croix
Harriot,	Luc,	Martinique
Jerusha,	Stevens,	Cape Francois
Paragon,	Wauless,	Jamaica
Industry,	Gunnell,	Turk's Island
Lydia,		Baltimore
Hopewell,		Salem
Brig Cirero,		do
Sloop Diana,		Richmond
Butley,		Norfolk

CLEARED,

Ship Patowmack Chief,	Shunn,	Europe
Lexington,	M'Kenzie,	do
Hamilton,	Farrall,	do
Brig Fair Columbia,	Moody,	West Indies
Schooner Free Mason,	M'Keana,	do
Greyhound,		Salem
Commerce,		Norfolk
Parthena,		New York
Three Friends,		Baltimore
Sloop Idinera,		Savannah
Butley,		Boston
Harmony,		New York
George,		Norfolk
Thomas & Sally,		Charleston
Patty,		Baltimore
Butley,		Norfolk

Martied, Mr. CHARLES JONES to Mrs. PAUL BENCE SHUM, both of this town.

WILL BE SOLD,

For Cash, on Tuesday next, the 5th instant, at the dwelling-house of Mrs. Trugen, Wife of the late Edward Trugen, on Fairfax-Street,

One Horse, 1 Cow, two Days,

one Cart, with a variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture, and a number of other articles.

Those indebted to the estate of Edward Trugen, dec'd, will please to make payment; and those who have demands against said estate will present their accounts for settlement to

J. T. RICKETTS,

R. YOUNG, } Admr's

Alexandria, January 2, 1796.

By virtue of the powers vested in us by an act of the General Assembly of the state of Maryland, entitled, an act for erecting a bridge over the Eastern Branch of Potomac river,

WE do hereby give notice that books will be opened by us in the city of Washington, on the second Monday in February next for receiving and entering subscriptions for shares in the said undertaking.

N. B. The Act is published in the Federal Intelligencer and Baltimore Daily Advertiser.

NOTLEY YOUNG,

Dani. CARROLL of Duddington,

Wm. M. DUNCANSON,

THOMAS LAW,

GEORGE WALKER,

Washington, December 17th, 1795.

FOR SALE

A TRACT of LAND, in Fairfax County, about 14 miles from Alexandria, and 12 or 13 from George-Town, containing 2524 acres; the improvements are a two-story house, with two rooms, a large closet and a passage below, and two rooms and a closet above, a kitchen, dairy, stables, barn, &c.—most of them new; also a mill, very conveniently situated for toll, which may be repaired at a trifling expense. There is an orchard of grafted apple trees, of choice kinds. The quality of this land is tolerably good, about one third of it in wood, and a sufficiency of meadow-land; part of which is well taken in timothy. Being desirous of purchasing other lands, I will sell it at the very moderate price of 55¢ per acre.—Three thousand pounds to be paid on the delivery of possession, and for the balance I will give a credit of three years. It is supposed to be unnecessary to be more particular in the description of this tract, as it is expected any one disposed to purchase will view the premises.

RICHARD FITZHUGH.

Ravensthorpe, December 23, 1795.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber the 11th instant, a Negro Wench, named JENNY, aged 17 years, and about five feet two inches high, very black, speaks fast, and thick. She was formerly the property of Mr. Jon Watts, of this place, and since of Mr. W. Bird, from whom the subscriber purchased her. She had on when she ran away a short calico jacket, chocolate ground with white spots, white linen petticoat, dark mixed ribbed worsted hose, red and yellow checked cotton handkerchief, with green border. Tho above reward will be paid to whoever secures her so that I may get her again, if out of the county, or Five Dollars, if taken within the County, and all reasonable charges. Whoever harbours said Negro may expect to be prosecuted.

JOSEPH MANDEVILLE.

Alexandria, January 1, 1796.

An apprentice wanted by the Printer hereof,

WIT

PIGRAM.

*pious wine and hypocritic snivel,
r fathers said: tell Truth, and shame the Devil!
A nobler way our Jacobins are trying:
They seek to shame the Devil—by outlying.*

ANECDOTE.

Some years ago the late Sir Walter Blackett, had his picture very finely painted by Sir Joshua Reynolds, for which he paid the sum of 200 guineas. The picture was hung up in the family seat near Newcastle, but had been a very short time there, before the females of the family were terrified with a sudden alteration in the visage and even the dress of this admired portrait. The tints which gave life and expression to the features, and even the colouring of the drapery disappeared, and reduced the picture to a natural but elegant and masterly outline. Nothing less than death was foreboded from this extraordinary phenomenon. Sir Walter being in London, an express was immediately dispatched, with whom the Baronet returned in perfect health, to the great joy of his family and friends. He laughed at the incident, but, in justice to the painter, wrote the following epigram, and inscribed it on the picture in letters of gold:

*The art of painting clearly was defin'd,
To bring the features of the dead to mind;
But this damn'd painter has revers'd the plan,
And made the picture die before the man.*

At a Court continued and held for Loudoun County,
November 13th, 1795.

Thomas Blucioe, Complainant,
AGAINST
William Reed, Defendant.

THE defendant not having entered his appearance and given security according to law and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of this court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth. It is ordered that unless he enter his appearance, and give security agreeably to law and the rules of this court, a decree shall be entered against him at March Court next, agreeable to the prayer of the Complainant's bill; and it is further decreed and ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, and published at the door of the Court House of the said County, for two months successively.

Tell, C. BINNS, Clk.

At a Court continued and held for Loudoun County, the
11th day of November, 1795.

Francis Adam, Complainant,
VER.
Joel Beach and Charles Eskridge, Defendants.

THE defendant Joel Beach, not having entered his appearance and given security, according to act of Assembly and the rule of this Court, and it appearing by affidavit that the said Joel Beach is not an inhabitant of this county, on the motion of the plaintiff by his council. It is ordered that the said defendant, do appear here on the first day of the next March Term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Newspaper, for two months successively, and published at the door of the Court House of this said County.

Tell, CHARLES BINNS, Clk.

At a Court continued and held for Loudoun County, No
vember the 12th, 1795.

Leven Powell, Complainant,
AGAINST
Achilles Helm, commonly known by the name of Zachariah Helm, eldest son and heir at law, of Leonard Helm, deceased. Defendant.

THE defendant not having entered his appearance and given security according to law and the rules of this Court, and it appearing, by an affidavit, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; it is ordered that unless he enter his appearance and give security, according to law and the rules of this Court, a decree shall be entered against him at March Court next, agreeable to the prayer of the said complainant's bill; and it is further ordered and decreed that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, and published at the door of the Court-house of the said County for two months successively.

C. BINNS, Clerk

In pursuance of a decree of the county court of Berkeley will be sold on the second Monday in March next, if fair, if not the next fair day, on the premises, for ready money,

Two thirds of Seventy acres of
Land lying on the Shenandoah River, near Keys's ferry on which there is a merchant mill; or so much thereof as will be of value sufficient to satisfy the claims of John Potts, and Elizabeth Osborne, amounting in the whole to about £.900 current money of Virginia, when due attendance will be given by

THOMAS RUTHERFORD,
GEORGE HITE,
JOHN DAVENPORT, } Com'rs.

Dec. 25.

Lands for Sale in Fairfax County

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of land measuring about 200 acres, lying on the Potomac run, about a mile from the Falls Church: the Road to the Great Falls goes through the middle of it: there are several good springs on it, and about sixty acres of the above land may be made into meadow. For terms apply to the subscriber, who wishes

To Rent or Sell,

The remainder of a lease of that beautiful villa, late the property of Robert Adams, deceased, about a mile from town: there has been a great deal of money laid out on these premises—it would be an excellent situation for any gentleman wishing to retire from town, or for a place of public entertainment, being delightfully situated on the banks of the Potomack. For terms apply to

ROBERT HENDERSON.

December 17.

COMMENCED BREWING

AT THE

UNION BREW-HOUSE,

SOUTH End of the City of Alexandria, where STRONG and TABLE BEER will be delivered to purchasers, beginning with the ensuing week.

Nov. 24.

For Sale.

LOAF and lump SUGAR by the hhd. or barrel,
Muscovado SUGAR by the hhd. or barrel,
Imperial and young Hyson TEAS by the chest or smaller quantity,
Jamaica and Antigua Rum by the hhd. or barrel,
Old Cogniac Brandy by the barrel or gallon,
Sherry, Lisbon and Malaga Wines in quarter casks,
Claret in cases of 2½ doz. each,
Bottled Porter by the barrel of 3 doz. each,
Molasses by the hhd. or barrel,
Glass ware assorted in barrels,
10 by 8 Window Glass, Fig blue by the cag, 8d. 12d. and 20d. nails, Leiper's Snuff in bottles, Dutch Linens, &c.

Robert Allison.

JUST IMPORTED,

By POMERY & ISABELL,

In the Peggy, arrived at George-Town, which they now offer for Sale, at their Store in King-Street, A neat Assortment of

Manchester Goods,

Of remarkably low Sterling prices;
A large, new and elegant assortment of

Gilt & plated, burnished & common Metal Buttons;
Handsome

New Carpeting;

A quantity of

Cotton and Worsted Hosiery:

These, and many other articles, they have on hand (as the Fall Season for selling is somewhat advanced) they are determined to render low, but they will make it an object worthy particular attention for Cash.

N. B. As Mr. Pomery, of this house, on his return from England, has arrived at the Northward, he is daily expected with an additional supply of Goods.

Alexandria, Nov. 12. 1795.

William I. Hall

Will have open and ready for sale in a few days, a large and excellent assortment of

FALL GOODS,

RECEIVED by the ships Sally and Alexandria, which he will sell at a reasonable advance, on the usual terms.

Alexandria, Oct. 7, 1795.

FALL GOODS.

JOSEPH RIDDLE and CO.

HAVE imported in the ship Alexandria, from Liverpool, a variety of WOLLENS:

ALSO,

Per the brig Eliza, Johnston, from London, printed cottons, shawls, threads, stuff Goods, silk do. hosiery, muslins, linens, watches, &c.

NOTICE.

ALL those who have any claims against the Estate of the late Adam Shum, are hereby notified to bring them in duly authenticated for settlement, and all those who are indebted, are requested to pay their respective balances immediately, as no farther indulgence can be given.

PRUDENCE SHUM, Executrix.

Alex. 24th Dec. 1795.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Richard Lee, late of Lee-Hall, in Westmoreland County are requested to bring them in, that they may be adjusted; and all persons who are indebted to said estate are desired to make payment to me.

RICHARD BLAND LEE, Administrator.

Loudoun County, October 6, 1795.

Alexandria, Dec. 21, 1795.

Taken up, in this Town, a chest-nut-forel MARE COLT, approaching two years old. It is supposed to have come in with some waggon or market people. The owner may have the same by proving his property and paying charges, by applying to the subscriber, near W'm Bulby's, Fairfax-Street.

GARRET DAYLE.

Mandeville and Jameison

HAVE for sale at their store on Fairfax Street, the following articles, which they will dispose of by wholesale and retail, for cash or the usual credits, viz.

Jamaica and Windward Island Rum;
Cogniac Brandy;
Holland Geneva;
London bottled Porter;
Madeira,
Sherry,
Port,
Claret,
Lisbon,
Calcuttella,
Malaga,
Teneriffe,
Muscovado Sugars in hhds. & barrels.
Loaf and lump do. in barrels;
Souchong,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
Imperial,
Havannah Segars in boxes;
Bourbon Coffee,
Green do.,
Coffee in bags;
Pepper in do.
Mace and ground ginger, nutmegs, mace, cinnamon, cloves and allspice, with a variety of pickles and mustard in bottles.

WANTED to hire—An able bodied free man, as a Porter—good wages will be given and it is expected not Apply who cannot give sufficient proof of sobriety and honesty.

Alexandria, Nov. 8, 1795.

LANDING

From on board the Ship Sally, Capt. James Croudh from Whitehaven,

A large and general assortment of

SEASONABLE GOODS,

And for sale by the subscriber at his warehouse in Prince Street.

Wm. HODGSON.

He has also received,

Earthen ware in crates well assorted,
Nails of different sizes,
Sail canvas, No. 1 to 8,
Bottled Porter in hhds.
Candles and soap in small boxes,
6 by 8, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, and 12 by 10 window glass, in boxes and half boxes,
And a quantity of excellent Pork in barrels.

October 13.

Copper and Tin Manufactory.

JOHN BEALE

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has removed from the town of Lynchburg to this place in a house in King-street, two doors above M^r Knight's tavern, where he intends to carry on his business in all its various branches, such as making and mending all kind of gold, silver, copper and tin work. He likewise has old copper tea kettles, sauce-pans, &c. &c.

Articles in the above branches of his business, may be had either by wholesale or retail, and those who buy to sell again, will find it to their advantage to deal with him.

All kinds of plated work done on the shortest notice in the best manner, and warranted, such as bridle bit stirrup irons, buckles, tips and saddlebolts, made in the newest fashions; mill brands cut, either in copper or iron, China mended, and all kinds of bell metal, such as clock bells, ear bells for horses, and skillets; the bells he warrants to ring as well as ever they did.

MILL INKS

Made at the above shop, and at a moderate price The above articles will be done in a masterly manner.

Also Clocks, Watches and Mathematical Instruments made and repaired in an elegant manner.

He has on hand and now offers for sale, at a moderate price, at the above house, sundry articles of gold, silver, jewellery, copper, tin, and plate work, gilt watch chains, seals, keys, lockets, and breast pins.

The highest price given for old gold, silver, copper brass, pewter or lead.

I have now on hand, which I will

sell low for cash, viz. 8 by 10, 10 by 12 and 12 by 14 window glass, white soap of an excellent quality by the box, tanners' lamp and linseed oil, by the barrel, one thousand gallons of Stone Ware assorted, with an assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery and painters' Colours

George Drinker.

Alexandria, 8mo. 17, 1795.

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January 1, 179

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